

Financial Statements of

**ALITIS PRIVATE REIT**

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2021



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Unitholders of Alitis Private REIT

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Alitis Private REIT (the "Entity"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### ***Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.



## ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

*KPMG LLP*

Chartered Professional Accountants

Winnipeg, Canada

April 15, 2022

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments	\$ 73,750,471	\$ 49,973,530
Future contracts	9,351	—
Cash	7,314,323	4,380,406
Interest and dividends receivable	6,908	6,263
Subscriptions receivable	2,238,699	747,952
Prepaid expenses	9,128	12,258
	<b>\$ 83,328,880</b>	<b>\$ 55,120,409</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Future contracts	\$ —	\$ 8,147
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	52,204	48,226
Management fees payable (note 5)	56,035	32,380
Redemptions payable	921,443	186,747
Distributions payable	58,337	7,587
Performance fees payable (note 5)	278,117	448,685
Loans payable to investee, non-interest bearing	8,445,471	—
	<b>9,811,607</b>	<b>731,772</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units</b>	<b>\$ 73,517,273</b>	<b>\$ 54,388,637</b>
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
per class:		
Class A	\$ 860,662	\$ 15,314
Class D	28,715,968	21,445,648
Class E	34,380,637	28,173,634
Class F	9,560,006	4,754,041
	<b>\$ 73,517,273</b>	<b>\$ 54,388,637</b>
Number of redeemable units outstanding (note 6):		
Class A	75,753	1,500
Class D	1,744,828	1,447,063
Class E	2,018,244	1,861,169
Class F	779,416	433,902
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		
per unit:		
Class A	\$ 11.36	\$ 10.21
Class D	16.46	14.82
Class E	17.03	15.14
Class F	12.27	10.96

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Trust,  
Alitis Investment Counsel Inc.

Signed by Cecil Baldry-White

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Income:		
Investment income	\$ 680,960	\$ 633,206
Other income	7,355	2,105
Dividends	14,236	–
Net change in fair value on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	8,789,076	(547,981)
Net realized gain on sale of investments, including foreign exchange adjustments	1,346,565	6,304,281
	<u>10,838,192</u>	<u>6,391,611</u>
Expenses:		
Performance fees (note 5)	1,038,613	453,680
Management fees (note 5)	454,930	316,024
Operating costs	192,099	113,367
Audit fee	12,984	15,942
Legal fees	3,130	5,360
Custodian fees	2,520	2,520
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	139	1,621
Offering costs	–	5,600
	<u>1,704,415</u>	<u>914,114</u>
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	<u>\$ 9,133,777</u>	<u>\$ 5,477,497</u>
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per class:		
Class A	\$ 69,721	\$ 491
Class D	3,783,017	2,343,642
Class E	4,338,472	2,860,880
Class F	942,567	272,484
	<u>\$ 9,133,777</u>	<u>\$ 5,477,497</u>
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Class A	\$ 1.36	\$ 0.33
Class D	2.41	1.71
Class E	2.27	1.58
Class F	1.61	1.80

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of year:		
Class A	\$ 15,314	\$ –
Class D	21,445,648	18,753,360
Class E	28,173,634	24,632,626
Class F	4,754,041	428,431
	<u>54,388,637</u>	<u>43,814,417</u>
Increase in net assets from operations:		
Class A	69,721	491
Class D	3,783,017	2,343,642
Class E	4,338,472	2,860,880
Class F	942,567	272,484
	<u>9,133,777</u>	<u>5,477,497</u>
Capital transactions:		
Proceeds from redeemable units issued:		
Class A	776,000	15,000
Class D	4,224,080	1,461,645
Class E	6,220,602	3,495,060
Class F	4,112,871	4,060,546
	<u>15,333,553</u>	<u>9,032,251</u>
Redemption of redeemable units:		
Class A	–	–
Class D	(736,777)	(1,112,999)
Class E	(4,347,944)	(2,814,932)
Class F	(195,636)	(10)
	<u>(5,280,357)</u>	<u>(3,927,941)</u>
Distribution to unitholders of redeemable units:		
Class A	(18,427)	(177)
Class D	(1,261,174)	(759,443)
Class E	(769,626)	(309,102)
Class F	(243,026)	(71,258)
	<u>(2,292,253)</u>	<u>(1,139,980)</u>
Re-investments of distributions to holders of redeemable units:		
Class A	18,054	–
Class D	1,261,174	759,443
Class E	765,499	309,102
Class F	189,189	63,848
	<u>2,233,916</u>	<u>1,132,393</u>
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year:		
Class A	860,662	15,314
Class D	28,715,968	21,445,648
Class E	34,380,637	28,173,634
Class F	9,560,006	4,754,041
	<u>\$ 73,517,273</u>	<u>\$ 54,388,637</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flow from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 9,133,777	\$ 5,477,497
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	(8,789,076)	547,981
Net realized gain on investments	(1,346,565)	(6,304,281)
Change in non-cash balances:		
Interest and dividends receivable	(645)	(5,719)
Prepaid expenses	3,130	3,129
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,978	4,817
Management fees payable	23,655	8,123
Performance fees payable	(170,568)	367,275
Loans payable	8,445,471	(9,247,373)
Proceeds from sale of investments	11,289,451	11,639,285
Purchase of investments	(24,939,803)	(8,028,328)
Net cash flow used in operating activities	(6,347,195)	(5,537,594)
Cash flow from (used in) financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuances of redeemable units	13,842,806	8,674,700
Amount paid on redemption of redeemable units	(4,545,661)	(4,128,553)
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	(7,587)	—
Net cash flow from financing activities	9,289,558	4,546,147
Increase (decrease) in cash during the year	2,942,363	(991,447)
Foreign exchange loss on cash	(8,446)	(65,630)
Cash, beginning of year	4,380,406	5,437,483
Cash, end of year	\$ 7,314,323	\$ 4,380,406
Supplemental information*:		
Interest received	\$ 678,419	\$ 633,683
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	16,132	(6,194)

\*Included as part of "cash flow from operating activities".

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Schedule of Investment Portfolio

December 31, 2021

Number of share/units/ par value	Investments owned	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
<b>Canadian Private Debt:</b>				
300,000	Anthem 585 Austin Developments GP LTD., 5%, 29OCT2026	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	0.41
<b>Canadian Real Estate:</b>				
1,000,000	Anthem 220 Bay Investments LP	965,116	1,150,789	1.56
511	Anthem 6075 Wilson Developments LP Series 2	—	117,715	0.16
1,600	Anthem Class A Investment LP	1,600,000	1,600,000	2.18
1,000	Anthem Ducklow Developments Limited Partnership	1,000,000	1,101,603	1.50
1,400	Anthem East 3rd Developments Limited Partnership	—	125,828	0.17
750	Anthem Fleetwood Rise Developments Limited Partnership	—	14,033	0.02
2,011	Anthem Metro Vancouver High-Rise Development Fund LP - Class B	2,011,000	2,011,000	2.74
600	Anthem Steveston Development Limited Partnership	—	37,009	0.05
2,800	Belmont Landing Limited Partnership - Class A Series II	2,800,000	3,069,903	4.17
10,000	Boardwalk Real Estate Investment Trust	267,079	548,300	0.75
50	CMCC Capital Fund Limited Partnership	1,312,521	2,367,309	3.22
40	CMCC Capital Fund V Limited Partnership	450,800	452,801	0.62
75,500	Dream Impact Trust	441,381	464,325	0.63
2,000,000	Fiera Properties GTA Opportunity Fund LP Class A	1,493,090	1,783,863	2.43
1,500,000	Ironclad Developments Aurora LP Class A-1	1,500,000	1,776,405	2.42
1,900,000	Ironclad Developments Bishop Grandin LP Class A-1	1,900,000	2,015,837	2.74
3,000,000	Ironclad Developments Bridgewater Limited Partnership Class A-3	1,734,940	2,625,854	3.57
1,500,000	Ironclad Developments Costin & Carlow LP Class A-1	1,500,000	1,500,000	2.04
5,000,000	Ironclad Developments Eagleson Limited Partnership Class A	235,043	4,534,467	6.17
24	Ironclad Developments Eagleson Limited Partnership Class B	4,659,015	4,660,573	6.34
5,000,000	Ironclad Developments Elliot Limited Partnership Class A	5,000,000	8,514,437	11.58
1,690,909	Ironclad Developments Jubilee Limited Partnership Class A-1	1,690,909	2,500,636	3.40
3,090,000	Ironclad Developments Pembina Limited Partnership Class A	—	1,253,642	1.71
18	Ironclad Developments Pembina Limited Partnership Class B	1,971,000	2,048,001	2.79
3,000,000	Ironclad Developments Tenth Line Limited Partnership Class A-1	3,000,000	3,161,991	4.30
2,050,000	Ironclad Developments Treanor Limited Partnership Class A-1	2,050,000	3,037,805	4.13
19,000	iShares S&P/TSX Capped REIT Index ETF	256,493	398,050	0.54
1,580	Kingsett Canadian Real Estate Income Fund LP	1,824,697	1,923,525	2.62
1,250,000	Kinnaird Konversion Limited Partnership - Class A	1,250,000	1,890,125	2.57
50,000	Starlight Canadian Residential Growth Fund I - Class C	3,065,926	4,926,409	6.70
49,230	Starlight Canadian Residential Growth Fund II - Class C	4,835,840	5,376,609	7.31
979,156	TC Evolution Limited Partnership Class A	1,693,940	2,274,089	3.09
247	The Mercury Block Limited Partnership Class D	2,008,935	2,008,935	2.73
		52,517,725	71,271,868	96.95
<b>U.S. Real Estate:</b>				
90,836	Rise Properties Trust Class F USD	1,141,149	2,178,603	2.96
3,000,000	Timbercreek UVAF (Feeder) Limited Partnership	—	—	—
		1,141,149	2,178,603	2.96

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

## Schedule of Investment Portfolio (continued)

December 31, 2021

Number of share/units/ par value	Investments owned	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
	Total investments owned	\$ 53,658,874	\$ 73,750,471	100.32
	Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	(2,177)	—	—
	Net investments owned	\$ 53,958,874	73,750,471	100.32
	Unrealized gain, U.S. future currency contracts, notional amount \$2,300,000, matures March 15, 2022, average contract rate of 0.7873		9,351	0.01
	Other net assets		(242,549)	(0.33)
	Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		\$ 73,517,273	100

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 1. REIT organization and nature of operations:

Alitis Private REIT (the “REIT”) is an open-ended limited purpose trust which was created under the laws of the Province of British Columbia pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated March 10, 2016. BNY Trust Company of Canada, a company constituted under laws of Canada, is the trustee of the REIT (the “Trustee”) pursuant to a master trust agreement dated March 10, 2016 and amended on March 10, 2017, April 19, 2018, July 18, 2018 and April 30, 2021 (the “Trust Agreement”). Alitis Investment Counsel Inc., a corporation incorporated under laws of British Columbia, is the manager of the REIT (the “Manager”) pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The REIT commenced active operations on April 1, 2016.

The address of the REIT’s registered office is c/o Alitis Investment Counsel Inc. 909 Island Hwy., Suite 101, Campbell River, British Columbia, V9W 2C2.

The investment objective of the REIT is to generate a moderate level of income and a moderate level of capital appreciation over the long-term. The REIT invests in underlying Limited Partnerships (LPs), funds and pooled products and individual securities. This structure enables the REIT to gain exposure to a wide range of real estate types, geographic regions, and manager expertise.

The success of the REIT depends on the continued services of the Manager and will be influenced by a number of risk factors associated with investments in LPs, investment funds and other pooled products and the use of leverage, including derivative hedge risk, market liquidity, short sales, portfolio turnover, foreign currency exposure, foreign market exposure, and interest rate fluctuations.

## 2. Basis of presentation:

### (a) Basis of accounting:

These annual financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The REIT reports under this basis of accounting as required by Canadian Securities Legislation and the Canadian Accounting Standards Board.

The policies applied in these annual financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of April 15, 2022, which is the date on which the annual financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 2. Basis of presentation (continued):

### (b) Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

### (c) Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the REIT's functional currency.

## 3. Significant accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the year presented in these financial statements.

### (a) Financial instruments:

#### (i) Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are required to be classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgement.

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial instruments at FVTPL are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the REIT becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated. The REIT derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position only when the REIT has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, no amounts have been offset in the statement of financial position.

(ii) FVTPL:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they occur. The REIT has classified its investments, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The REIT uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The REIT's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs. Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability. These valuation techniques require assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each statement of financial position date.

The REIT will generally invest in underlying LPs, funds and pooled products rather than individual securities; however, the REIT is not restricted from holding individual securities. Investments in private companies and other assets for which no published market exists are adjusted each reporting period according to the REIT's formal Real Estate Valuation Policy.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The policy states that investments are held at cost from their date of acquisition or initial investment until: (1) an updated valuation is received from the manager, (2) a preferred return or accrual rate is applied to the investment and is expected to be collected and (3) an internal valuation will be conducted using industry-standard approaches.

The REIT's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used for measuring its net asset value (Trading NAV) for transactions with unitholders.

#### (iii) Amortized cost:

Financial instruments classified as amortized cost include financial assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and financial liabilities not classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement of these financial assets and financial liabilities is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate. The REIT classifies cash, interest and dividends receivable, subscriptions receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, management fees payable, redemptions payable, distributions payable, performance fees payable and loans payable, as amortized cost. Cash includes cash on deposit with the custodian.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

#### (iv) Impairment:

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the REIT uses an expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.

The REIT measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. Lifetime ECL's are the ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade and other receivables.

ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (that being the difference between the cash flows due to the REIT in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the REIT expects to receive). ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(v) Redeemable units:

The REIT classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The REIT has multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and therefore, does not qualify as equity under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, *Financial Instruments - presentation* (IAS 32). The redeemable units, which are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a unit price based on the REIT's valuation policies at each redemption date.

(b) Fair value measurements:

The REIT classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3). Investments measured at fair value are classified into one of three fair value hierarchy levels, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The inputs or methodologies used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. The REIT recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

The three fair value hierarchy levels are as follows:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

Refer to note 8 for fair value measurements analysis.

(c) Investment transactions and revenue recognition:

Investment transactions are accounted for on the trade date. Interest income is accrued daily and dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses from investment transactions are calculated on an average cost basis.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

The interest for distribution purposes shown on the statement of comprehensive income represents the coupon interest received by the REIT accounted for on an accrual basis.

Realized gain/loss on sale of investments and unrealized appreciation/depreciation in investments are determined on an average cost basis. Average cost does not include amortization of premiums or discounts on fixed income securities with the exception of zero coupon bonds which are amortized on a straight line basis.

#### (d) Income tax:

The REIT qualifies as a mutual fund trust or unit trust under the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* (the "Tax Act"), and accordingly, is not subject to tax on its net taxable income for the tax year which ends in December, including net realized capital gains, which is paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the tax year. The REIT is required to make distributions each year of its net income and net realized capital gains, and therefore will not generally be liable for income tax. It is the intention of the REIT to distribute all net income and net realized capital gains on an annual basis. Accordingly, no tax provision has been recorded. The REIT may be subject to alternative minimum tax, which is potentially recoverable.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for twenty years and applied against future taxable income. Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains.

#### (e) Translation of foreign currency:

Transactions in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. Assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are translated at the applicable exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains are presented as net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange in the statement of comprehensive income, if applicable, except those arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which are recognized as a component within net realized gain on sale of investments, including foreign exchange adjustments and net change in unrealized appreciation in value of investments in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### (f) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:

The net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of a particular class of units by the total number of units of that particular class outstanding at the end of the year.



# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:

Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit is based on the increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units attributed to each class of units, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding of that class during the year. Refer to note 11 for the calculation.

(h) Investment entity:

The REIT has determined that it is an investment entity as defined by IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements and the Amendments to IFRS 10*, as the following conditions exist:

- (i) The REIT has obtained funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services;
- (ii) The REIT has committed to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation and investment income; and
- (iii) The REIT measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis. As an investment entity, the REIT is exempt from consolidating particular subsidiaries and instead is required to measure its investments in these particular subsidiaries at fair value through profit and loss.

### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to use accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the REIT's accounting policies. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The COVID-19 pandemic has created uncertainty in the general economy and the duration and full scope of the economic impact is unknown. This has led to increased uncertainties in the estimates and assumptions used by the REIT in preparing the financial statements.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued):

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates that the REIT has made in preparing the financial statements:

### *Classification and measurement of investments and application of the fair value option:*

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the REIT, the Investment Manager is required to make significant judgments about whether or not the business of the REIT is to manage its portfolio of investments and evaluate performance on a fair value basis and that the portfolio of investments is neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets. The most significant judgments made include assessing and determining the appropriate business model that enables the decision that the REIT's investments are classified as FVTPL under IFRS 9.

### *Fair value measurement of investments not quoted in an active market:*

The REIT may, from time to time, hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, such as unlisted securities, private securities or derivatives. The valuation methods for these financial instruments are described in note 3(a)(ii). The values of these securities are independently assessed by the Manager to ensure they are reasonable. However, because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the estimated fair value for these securities may be materially different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed. The fair values of private securities are affected by the perceived credit risks of the issuer, predictability of cash flows and the length of time to maturity. Valuation models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credits risk (both own and counterparty); volatilities and correlations require the Manager to make estimates. Changes in assumption about these factors could affect the reporting of fair values of financial instruments.

## 5. Related party transactions:

Related party transactions are incurred for management and incentive allocations. Balances are unsecured, interest free and to be settled in cash.

### Management fees:

The REIT pays the Manager a monthly management fee equal to 1/12th of 2.00 percent of the Net Asset Value of class A units, 1/12th of 1.10 percent of the Net Asset Value of class E units and 1/12th of 1.00 percent of the Net Asset Value of class F units.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 5. Related party transactions (continued):

The management fee is calculated and accrued monthly, in arrears, on the last Friday of each month (or preceding business day if the last Friday is a holiday) based on the REIT's Net Asset Value on such day and is paid on the last valuation date of each month, plus applicable taxes. Management fees in respect of the class D units of the REIT are charged to each individual account by the Manager.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, management fees of \$454,930 (2020 - \$316,024) were incurred by the REIT and \$56,035 (2020 - \$32,380) was payable to the Manager at December 31, 2021.

Performance fees:

The Manager also receives a performance fee from each Class of Units of the REIT. Performance fees accrue monthly and are earned quarterly, as well as on redemption of a Unit. Upon the redemption of units of a particular class, the accrued portion of the performance fee allocated to the redeemed units will be payable by the REIT. Performance fees are calculated as 20 percent of any gain on units over a specific hurdle rate being, 7 percent of the class A units, 9 percent of the class D units, 8 percent of the class E units and 8 percent of the class F units, plus applicable taxes.

The gain is calculated as the difference between the Net Asset Value before performance fees on each class and the unitholders' equity in the class. Unitholders' equity is calculated by taking the net asset value of the class on the last day a performance fee was paid on that class, plus the value of all contributions made in that class since a performance fee was paid and subtracting a pro-rata share of equity on every redemption of units in the class. The hurdle amount is calculated on the unitholders' equity, on an annualized basis, and subtracted from the gain. A percentage of the positive difference in gain is accrued to the Manager, plus applicable taxes.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, performance fees of \$1,038,613 (2020 - \$453,680) were incurred by the REIT and \$278,117 (2020 - \$448,685) was payable to the Manager at December 31, 2021.

## 6. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units:

The REIT is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable units, issuable in an unlimited number of classes, each of which represents an equal, undivided, beneficial interest in the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the REIT. The REIT currently offers class A, class D, class E and class F units.

Each unit of each class entitles the holder to vote, with one vote for each unit and to participate equally with respect to any and all distributions made by the REIT. Units of a class may be consolidated and/or redesignated by the Manager.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 6. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (continued):

Units of the REIT surrendered for redemption may be redeemed by giving the manager written notice. The redemption proceeds will be equal to the net asset value per unit of such Units being redeemed on the redemption date. An early redemption charge of 5 percent will be charged on Units redeemed within 12 months of purchase of if the redemption notice provides for less than six months between the date of the redemption notice and the redemption date.

The unit activity during the year ended December 31 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Redeemable units, beginning of year:		
Class A	1,500	—
Class D	1,447,063	1,375,328
Class E	1,861,169	1,792,855
Class F	433,902	42,501
Redeemable units issued:		
Class A	72,664	1,500
Class D	266,969	100,119
Class E	377,759	242,043
Class F	346,163	385,575
Redeemable units redeemed:		
Class A	—	—
Class D	(45,831)	(79,621)
Class E	(265,622)	(194,145)
Class F	(16,073)	—
Reinvestment of units:		
Class A	1,589	—
Class D	76,627	51,237
Class E	44,938	20,416
Class F	15,424	5,826
Redeemable units, end of year:		
Class A	75,753	1,500
Class D	1,744,828	1,447,063
Class E	2,018,244	1,861,169
Class F	779,416	433,902

### Capital disclosure:

The capital of the REIT is represented by issued and redeemable units. The redeemable units are entitled to distributions, if any, and to payment of a proportionate share based on the REIT's Net Asset Value per unit upon redemption.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 6. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (continued):

The REIT has no restrictions or specific capital requirements on the subscriptions while the total amount payable by the REIT by cash payment in respect of the redemption of Units in any month in which the Redemption Date occurs will not exceed 1 percent of total Units outstanding unless approved by the Manager in its sole discretion. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of changes in financial position. In accordance with its investment objectives and strategies, and the risk management practices outlined in note 7, the REIT endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by short-term borrowings or disposal of investments where necessary.

## 7. Financial instruments risk:

Management of financial instrument risks:

The REIT's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk. An investment in the REIT is speculative and involves a high degree of risk due to the nature of the portfolio of investments and the strategies employed.

There can be no assurance that the investment objectives of the REIT will be achieved. Use of short sales may create special risks and substantially increase the impact of adverse price movements on the portfolio of investments.

Asset allocation is determined by the Manager who manages the distribution of the assets to achieve the investment objectives. Divergence from target asset allocations and the composition of the portfolio is monitored by the Manager.

The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the reporting date and the risk management policies employed by the REIT are discussed below.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or fair values of financial instruments. Interest rate risk arises when the REIT invests in interest-bearing financial instruments. The REIT is exposed to the risk that the value of such financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. There is minimal sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations on any cash and cash equivalents invested at short-term market interest rates.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 7. Financial instruments risk (continued):

The table below summarizes the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk, categorized by earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates as at December 31, 2021.

Debt instruments** by maturity date	
1 - 5 years	\$ 300,000

As at December 31, 2020, the underlying investments had no exposure to debt instruments.

Foreign currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

Currency risk arises from financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) that are denominated in a currency other than Canadian dollars, which represents the functional currency of the REIT. The REIT may enter into foreign exchange forward contracts or future contracts for hedging purposes to reduce its foreign currency exposure, or to establish exposure to foreign currencies.

The REIT may invest in financial instruments denominated in currencies other than its measurement currency. Consequently, the REIT is exposed to risks that the exchange rate of its currency relative to other currencies may change in a manner that has an adverse effect on the value of the portion of the REIT's assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than Canadian dollars.

Although investments owned by the REIT are denominated in Canadian or United States dollars, the currency risk of the investment owned may be different than the currency in which it trades. For example, an investment denominated in United States dollars may hold assets that trade in Euros or Pounds. The currency risk for the REIT in this example is to the underlying currency of the investment owned, referred to as the indirect currency, being Euros or Pounds. When calculating the currency risk for the REIT, when an investment's indirect currency is different than its direct currency, the indirect currency is used as this reflects the true currency risk of the REIT.

At December 31, 2021, the REIT had direct investments denominated in United States dollars of \$2,178,603 or 2.96 percent of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (2020 - \$1,755,512 or 3.3 percent).

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 7. Financial instruments risk (continued):

The currency to which the REIT had exposure as at December 31, 2021, is approximately as follows:

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	% Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units
United States dollars	0.2

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The currency to which the REIT had exposure as at December 31, 2020, is approximately as follows:

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	% Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units
United States dollars	0.5

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The amounts in the above table are based on a fair estimate of the REIT's underlying investments and financial instruments (including cash and cash equivalents) as well as the underlying principal amounts of future and/or forward currency contracts, as applicable. Other financial assets (including dividends and interest receivable and receivable for investments sold) and financial liabilities (including payable for investments purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the REIT to significant currency risk.

As at December 31, 2021, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened or weakened by 1 percent in relation to all currencies, with all other variables held constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would have increased or decreased, respectively, by approximately \$1,000 (2020 - \$2,000). In practice, the actual trading results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Price risk:

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk).

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 7. Financial instruments risk (continued):

As at December 31, 2021, 1.9 percent (2020 - 3.5 percent) of the REIT's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units were invested in securities traded on North American stock exchanges. If security prices on the North American stock exchanges had increased or decreased by 10 percent as at the year end, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units could possibly have increased or decreased by approximately \$141,000 (2020 - \$186,000) respectively. In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

There is also exposure to price risk indirectly through the underlying funds to the extent that they have direct investments in securities traded on North American and other stock exchanges. As at December 31, 2021, 0.5 percent (2020 - 0.6 percent) of the underlying investments net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units were invested in securities traded on North American and other stock exchanges. If security prices on North American and other stock exchanges had increased or decreased by 10 percent as at the year end, with all other factors remaining constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units could possibly have increased or decreased by approximately \$40,000 (2020 - \$31,000). In practice, the actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the REIT.

Where the REIT invests in debt instruments and derivatives, this represents the main concentration of credit risk. The fair value of debt instruments and derivatives includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the issuer, and accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the REIT.

All transactions executed by the REIT in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.



# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 7. Financial instruments risk (continued):

As at December 31, 2021, the Fund invested in debt instruments with the following credit rating:

Debt instruments* by credit rating	Percentage of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (%)
AAA	–
Not rated	0.4
Mortgages	–

As at December 31, 2020, the REIT has no investments in debt instruments and/or derivatives. The REIT is not exposed to the risk from the investments held by the Underlying Funds in debt instruments and/or derivatives where there is a concentration of credit risk that may arise.

The REIT may employ the use of derivatives to moderate certain risk exposures. There is no guarantee that a market will exist for some derivatives and it is possible that the exchanges may impose limits on trading of derivatives.

All investments represent a risk of loss of capital. The Manager aims to moderate this risk through careful selection and diversification of securities and other financial instruments in accordance with the REIT's investment objective and strategy. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The REIT's overall market positions are monitored on a regular basis by the Manager. Financial instruments held by the REITs are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments.

Capital risk management:

The Manager manages the capital of the REIT in accordance with the REIT's investment objectives, policies and restrictions, as outlined in the REIT's offering memorandum, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet Unitholders' withdrawals.

The REIT does not have externally imposed capital requirements.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 8. Fair value measurements:

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy in which the REIT's investments are categorized as of December 31, 2021:

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Private debt	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000
Real estate	1,410,675	6,423,646	65,616,150	73,450,471
	\$ 1,410,675	\$ 6,423,646	\$ 65,916,150	\$ 73,750,471

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the reconciliation of investments measured at fair value using unobservable inputs (Level 3) is presented as follows:

Balance, beginning of year	\$ 46,361,063
Purchases	23,772,463
Sales	(12,295,466)
Realized gains included in net income	300,300
Change in unrealized appreciation included in net income	7,777,790
Balance, end of year	\$ 65,916,150

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy in which the REIT's investments are categorized as of December 31, 2020:

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Real estate	\$ 1,856,955	\$ 1,755,512	\$ 46,361,063	\$ 49,973,530

During the year ended December 31, 2020 the reconciliation of investments measured at fair value using unobservable inputs (Level 3) is presented as follows:

Balance, beginning of year	\$ 47,606,711
Purchases	14,033,785
Sales	(18,402,155)
Realized gains included in net income	4,426,734
Change in unrealized depreciation included in net income	(1,304,012)
Balance, end of year	\$ 46,361,063

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 8. Fair value measurements (continued):

Significant unobservable inputs in measuring fair value:

The table below sets out information about significant unobservable inputs used in measuring financial instruments categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Description	Held as of December 31, 2021	Held as of December 31, 2020	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs
Real Estate Limited Partnership	\$ 37,009	\$ 619,506	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	125,828	1,239,720	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	14,033	34,074	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,783,863	1,589,000	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,367,309	2,127,216	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	4,534,467	6,774,000	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	8,514,437	7,610,500	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,150,789	1,047,800	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,101,603	1,060,840	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	4,926,409	5,744,641	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,625,854	3,309,600	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,500,636	1,802,847	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,048,001	1,972,924	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	3,037,805	2,050,000	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,923,525	1,000,000	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	5,376,609	1,346,579	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,274,089	1,411,589	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	3,069,903	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	4,660,573	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	3,161,991	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,890,125	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	117,715	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,600,000	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,011,000	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	1,500,000	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	2,008,935	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	–	667,259	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	–	1,650	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	–	1,136,203	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 8. Fair value measurements (continued):

Description	Held as of December 31, 2021	Held as of December 31, 2020	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs
Real Estate Limited Partnership	\$ –	\$ 1,701,285	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Real Estate Limited Partnership	–	300,000	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Private debt	300,000	–	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A
Investment Trust	1,253,642	1,813,830	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 9. Investment in Underlying Funds:

The table below describes the types of structured entities that the REIT does not consolidate but in which it holds an interest.

Type of structured entity	Nature and purpose	Interest held by the REIT
Investment funds, mortgage investments, corporations and limited partnerships	To manage assets on behalf of third party investors and generate fees for the investment manager.  These vehicles are financed through the issue of units or shares to investors.	Investment in units issued by funds or limited partnership or shares issued by corporations.

The table below sets out interests held by the REIT in unconsolidated structured entities. The maximum exposure to loss is the carrying amount of the financial assets held.

December 31, 2021	Number of investments	Average cost	Carrying amount included in investments at FVTPL
Investments in structured entities:			
Canadian real estate	33	\$ 52,517,725	\$ 71,271,868
Canadian private debt	1	300,000	300,000
U.S real estate	2	1,141,149	2,178,603
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 53,958,874</b>	<b>\$ 73,750,471</b>

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

## 9. Investment in Underlying Funds (continued):

December 31, 2020	Number of investments	Average cost	Carrying amount included in investments at FVTPL
Investments in structured entities:			
Canadian real estate	26	\$ 37,826,419	\$ 48,218,018
U.S real estate	2	1,127,848	1,755,512
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 38,954,267</b>	<b>\$ 49,973,530</b>

During the year, the REIT did not provide financial support to unconsolidated structured entities and has no intention of providing financial or other support.

It is estimated that the REIT could redeem between \$3,300,000 and \$4,500,000 in the above structured entities per month. The REIT has determined that all of the other funds (“Investee Funds”) in which it invests are unconsolidated structured entities. This represents a significant judgment by the REIT and generally because decision making about the Investee Funds’ investing activities is not governed by voting rights held by the REIT and other investors.

The Investee Funds are managed by asset managers who are unrelated to the REIT and apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investment objectives.

The change in fair value of each Investee Fund is included in the statement of comprehensive income in net changes in unrealized appreciation in value of investments.

## 10. Expenses:

The Manager has the power to incur and make payment out of the REIT’s property for any charges or expenses which, in the opinion of the Manager, are necessary or incidental to, or proper for, carrying out any of the purposes of the Trust Agreement, including without limitation all fees and expenses relating to the management and administration of the REIT. The REIT is responsible for any income or excise taxes and brokerage commissions on portfolio transactions.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 11. Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:

The increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is calculated as follows:

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	Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per class	Weighted average of redeemable units outstanding during the year	Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit
2021:			
Class A	\$ 69,721	51,093	\$ 1.36
Class D	3,783,017	1,571,132	2.41
Class E	4,338,472	1,907,541	2.27
Class F	942,567	585,082	1.61
2020:			
Class A	\$ 491	1,500	\$ 0.33
Class D	2,343,642	1,369,295	1.71
Class E	2,860,880	1,814,861	1.58
Class F	272,484	151,229	1.80

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## 12. Indemnification of the Manager:

The REIT under the terms of their Trust Agreement, shall indemnify the Manager, their principals and their respective affiliates from all claims that may arise for mistakes of judgment or for action or inaction or for losses due to such mistakes, action or inaction so long as they acted honestly and not in bad faith and reasonably believed that their conduct was in the best interests of the REIT.

## 13. Filing exemption:

The REIT is relying on the exemption pursuant to Section 2.11 of National Instrument 81-106 not to file its financial statements with the applicable Provincial Securities Commission.

# ALITIS PRIVATE REIT

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

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## 14. Income taxes:

The REIT qualifies as a Mutual Fund Trust under the provisions of the Tax Act and accordingly, is not subject to tax on its net taxable income for the tax which ends in December, including net realized capital gains, which is paid or payable to its Unitholders as at the end of the tax year. However, such part of the REIT's net income and net realized capital gains that is not paid or payable, is subject to income tax in the REIT. It is the intention of the REIT to distribute all of its income and sufficient net realized capital gains so that the REIT will not be subject to income tax. The REIT may be subject to alternative minimum tax, potentially recoverable.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for twenty years and applied against future taxable income. Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains.

As at the tax year ended December 31, 2021, REIT has \$35,200 (2020 - nil) capital losses carried forward available for income tax purposes. As at the tax year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, REIT does not have any non-capital losses available for carry-forward.